

PREVIOUS CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE FLORA OF CO. LONGFORD.

In comparison with other parts of Ireland, Co. Longford has not received very much attention from botanists. The earlier records in "Cybele Hibernica" are mainly by Mr. M.F. Foot or Mr. Edgeworth. These are not very detailed and have all been superseded by Praeger in "Irish Topographical Botany."

The earliest herbarium specimens for the county in the National Herbarium at Glasnevin were collected by Dr. David Moore in May 1871. The location given is Rockingham or Rackingham, Co. Longford. No such townland exists on present day maps and enquires to date have not revealed its location in the county. The specimens collected by Dr. Moore were :- *Dryopteris dilata*, *Thelypteris palustris* and *Barbarea vulgaris*.

The earliest recorded detailed study of the area was carried out by Richard M. Barrington and Richard P. Vowell, mainly in June of 1885. This was their "Report on the Flora of the Shores of Lough Ree." This work was published by the Royal Irish Academy and read on February the 28th, 1887. Barrington and Vowell recorded many new species for the area and collected a great wealth of herbarium specimens, all of which exist to this day in the National Herbarium. As their attention was focussed solely on Lough Ree they seldom mention the county in which they were working. Most of their records can be placed in one or other of the three counties surrounding Lough Ree (Roscommon, Westmeath and Longford) from references to townlands of Lake Islands. A list of species which they recorded in County Longford is included in this flora.

The first studies of the county in particular were by Robert Lloyd Praeger. He visited the area in June of 1885, 1898, 1899 and in August of 1900 in preparation for his publication "Irish Topographical Botany." These visits were of at least two day's duration. He used Granard, Longford and probably Ballymahon as bases. In this way he covered quite a large part of the county. Praeger's work still forms the basis of the vice-county records for Co. Longford as it does for most of the rest of Ireland. Herbarium specimens indicate that he again visited the county in 1933 but his stay was brief and he may have been passing through.

In "The Way That I Went" Praeger gives the following opinion of Co. Longford.:- "It is for the most part an undulating agricultural area - pleasant country, but it contains little to give pause to either the naturalist or the antiquary." A list of species recorded by Praeger is also included on subsequent pages.

After these earlier attentions the county appears to have been abandoned by naturalists for a long period of time.

Taraxacum palustre was recorded for the county by D.P. Young and the record is entered in the B.S.B.I. plant records for 1958.

The Dublin Naturalists' Field Club visited the county in 1966 as part of their Whit weekend outing. During this visit Mr. H. Hudson added *Coronilla varia* to the vice county records. This species still occurs at the original station. (Scrule bridge.)

In July 1968 Miss Maura Scannell paid a visit to the Lough Gowna area and added some specimens to the National Herbarium. In 1970 she also recorded *Senecio sylvaticus* (N.E. of Roosky). (A rare species in the county.)

Since then other records have been added by; Dr. M.A. Farragher, Mr. R. Rohu, S.A. Stewart, Mr. Colman Lynham, (per. Mr. A. Brady) and Dr. P.L. Curran.

* Lough Ree has also received some attention from continental naturalists in recent years. Mr. Johannes Klein of Delft, Netherlands was the first to record *Prunus padus* on Lough Ree (1975.) in a doctoral thesis entitled "An Irish Landscape".

Probably the most significant additions to the flora of the county in recent times have been made by Mr. P. Hessel and Dr. W.V. Rubers of Utrecht University, Netherlands in 1971. Their work, "Flora of the Shannon", which was part of a doctoral thesis, has added many first records to the county. A species list recorded by Hessel and * Rubers is included on subsequent pages.

A list of species collected by some of these naturalists and preserved at the National Herbarium is included on subsequent pages.

* Attention of SH drawn to these notes
W. Scannell

BARRINGTON AND VOWELL

Flora of Shores of Lough Ree

LIST OF SPECIES

NAME	LOCATION
Ranunculus circinatus Sibth.	Drain by banks of Inny, below Ballymahon and in Royal Canal.
Ranunculus aquatilis L.	St. Martin's well, Inchclerun etc.
Ranunculus pseudofluitans Syme.	River Inny, etc. The form with floating leaves only observed.
Ranunculus hederaceus L.	Rare, between Clooneigh river and Lanesborough
Papaver rhoeas, L.	Common on Leinster side, but not observed on Connaught shore
Papaver dubium L.	Cultivated ground at Elfeet Bay. Not uncommon.
Papaver hybridum L.	Seen only in a corn field at Elfeet Bay.
Erophila verna (L.) Cheval.	Near Ballymahon.
Coronopus squamatus (Ascherson)	Roadside near Ballymahon.
Stellaria pallustris Retz.	In a drain near Killtoom, both sides of the lake, near Lanesboro and along river Inny. Frequent.
Geranium pyrenaicum Burn. Fil.	Rare. Ballymahon church yard.
Geranium lucidum, L.	Road near Cashel lodge and Inchcleraun Island.
Lathyrus palustris L.	Temple Island near Lanesboro. Banks of river Inny and several places on west side of Shannon near Athlone
Myriophyllum spicatum L.	River Inny etc.
Sempervivum tectorum L.	Old walls (ruins) near Elfeet Bay.
Cicuta virosa L.	On both sdes of lake south of Laesboro

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i> L.	Near Ballymahon.
<i>Oenanthe fistulosa</i> L.	Near Lanesboro and by River Inny. Common.
<i>Anthriscus caucalis</i> Bieb. L.	Lanesboro
<i>Valerianella locusta</i> (L.) Betcke	Cultivated ground, Elfeet Bay.
<i>Vaccinium oxycoccus</i> L.	Only seen in a bog near Derrymacor lough.
<i>Origanum vulgare</i> L.	Near St. Martin's well, and roadside near Ballymahon and Lanesborough.
<i>Acinos arvensis</i> (Lam) Dandy	Only near St. Martin's well, opposite Island of Inchinagh
<i>Stachys palustris</i> x <i>sylvatica</i> Sm.	Only seen near Ballymahon.
<i>Lamium moluccellifolium</i> Fr.	Lanesborough
<i>Lithospermum arvense</i> L.	Cultivated ground near Lough Slawen and on Island of Clawinch and Black Island.
<i>Utricularia minor</i> L.	Near Derrymacar Lough.
<i>Chenopodium bonus-henricus</i> L.	Near Ballymahon
<i>Rumex hydrolapathum</i> . Huds.	By the River Inny, Derrymacar etc. on east shore; Clooneigh river - west shore.
<i>Taxus baccata</i> L.	A venerable tree on Inchclaraun Island
<i>Potamogeton lucens</i> L.	A species growing in abundance in the River Inny, below Ballymahon (unconfirmed).
<i>Potamogeton gramineus</i> L.	Plentiful in the lake; a form closely approaching <i>P. lucens</i> occurred. In the River Inny a different form was gathered
<i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i> L. gathered in the Inny	A long form resembling <i>P. flagellatus</i> was

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Sagittaria sagittifolia</i> L.	River Inny and many other localities
<i>Elodea canadensis</i> , Mich.	Shannon at Athlone, River Inny etc. said to be disappearing
<i>Cladium mariscus</i> , Brown	Near Ballykeeran on Killinure Bay bog between lake and Kiltoom. Derrymacar lough and Doonis and Creegan lough etc.
<i>Rhynchospora alba</i> , Vahl.	Derrymacar bog and one or two other places
<i>Carex disticha</i> , Huds.	Abundant on banks of Inny etc.
<i>Carex paniculata</i> L.	Noticed in most of the swamps on east side S. of Lanesborough. Also near Clooneigh river, a depauper- ated form, approaching <i>C. paradox</i> , most frequent
<i>Carex remota</i> L.	Roadside near Ballymahon.
<i>Carex filiformis</i> L.	Shores of inner Lough, Temple island plentiful and Rathcline
<i>Carex hostiana</i> (<i>C. hornschuchiana</i> Hoppe.)	Common. The variety <i>xanthocarpa</i> Degl. was gathered at Rathcline.
<i>Carex riparia</i> , Curtis.	Drain near Ballymahon.
<i>Glyceria maxima</i> (Hartm.) <i>G. aquatica</i> Sm.	By Shannon, at Athlone and Royal Canal
<i>Catapodium rigidum</i> L.	Near Ballymahon
<i>Equisetum telmateia</i> Dhrh. (<i>E. maximum</i> L.)	Near Lanesborough

LIST OF SPECIES FOUND IN CO. LONGFORD

BY

ROBERT LLOYD PRAEGER

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Thalictrum minus</i> L. subsp. <i>minus</i>	Elfeet Bay 1900: common on L. Ree
" <i>flavum</i> L.	Ballymahon 1900; frequent on L. Ree
<i>Ranunculus trichophyllus</i> Chaix	Granard 1898; Longford 1899
" <i>heterophyllus</i> Fries	Below Drumsna (probably Roosky) 1900
" <i>aquatilis</i> subsp. <i>peltatus</i> Shrank	Chapel Island in L. Ree 1897
" <i>scleratus</i> L.	Shannon below Roosky 1900
" <i>lingua</i> L.	Ballymahon and Saints Island 1900
<i>Papaver rhoeas</i> L.	Ballymahon and Newtowncashel only. Common.
" <i>argemone</i> L.	Ballymahon 1900
<i>Fumaria muralis</i> Sond. ex Koch. subsp. <i>boraei</i> (Jord.) Pugsl.	Ballymahon 1900.
" <i>bastardii</i> Bor. (<i>F. confusa</i>)	Granard 1899
<i>Rorippa amphibia</i> L. Bess. (<i>Nasturtium amphibium</i>)	Lough Forbes 1900
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i> (Bieb.) Cavara & Grande	L. Forbes and near Roosky 1900
<i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900
<i>Brassica rapa</i> L.	L. Gowna and near Roosky
<i>Sinapis alba</i> L. (<i>Brassica alba</i>)	Newtowncashel and Ballymahon 1900
<i>Coronopus squamatus</i> (Forsk) Aschers	Newtowncashel and south Lanesboro 1900
<i>Lepidium heterophyllum</i> (Benth) (<i>L. hirtum</i>)	L. Gowna 1900
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> L.	Carn Clonhugh 1898

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Viola odorata</i> L.	Killashee 1900 frequent and probably native
" <i>canina</i> L.	Incherlaun 1897 and L. Ree
" <i>tricolour</i> L.	Cloonee 1898
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i> L.	Longford 1898 Near Drumsna (Prob. Roosky) 1900
<i>P. serpyllifolia</i> Hose. (<i>P. serpyllacea</i>)	Lough Gowna 1900
<i>Stellaria palustris</i> Retz.	Ballymahon and L. Forbes
<i>Moehringia trinervia</i> (L.) Clairv (<i>Arenaria trinervia</i> L.)	Castlerea 1900, Longford, Moydow
<i>Malva moschata</i> L.	Limestone rocks north of Ballymahon 1900
<i>Geranium pyrenaicum</i> L.	Ballymahon 1900
" <i>lucidum</i> L.	Elfeet Bay 1900 Lough Ree only
<i>Rhamnus catharticus</i> L.	Chapel Island on L. Ree 1897
<i>Frangula alnus</i> (Mill)	Incherlaun on L. Ree 1897
<i>Ononis repens</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900
<i>Vicia angustifolia</i> L.	Reynoldstown 1899. Frequent.
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i> L.	River Inny below Ballymahon 1900
<i>Rubus saxatilis</i> L.	Elfeet Bay 1900. Frequent by L. Ree
<i>Geum rivale</i> L.	Woolawn 1898, Ballymahon, Saint's Island
<i>Potentilla anglica</i> Laichard	Ballymahon, L. Gowna 1900
<i>Poterium sanguisorba</i> L.	St. Kevins 1899 - Miss Rose Smith?
<i>Rosa arvensis</i> Huds.	Saints Island and near Roosky 1900.
<i>Sorbus aria</i> (L.) Cranz. (<i>Pyrus aria</i>)	Chapel Island 1897 and Elfeet bay.
<i>Saxifraga tridactylites</i> L.	Edgeworthstown 1899, Ballymahon and Cashel Lodge.

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Parnassia palustris</i> L.	Woodlawn 1898 and frequent on Lough Ree.
<i>Sedum telephium</i> L.	Near Ballinalee "wild" 1864 Mr. Foot.
<i>S. anglicum</i> Huds.	By Shannon below Roosky. 1900.
<i>S. acre</i> L.	Newtownforbes 1900 and frequent on Lough Ree.
<i>Drosera anglica</i> Huds.	Trillicacurry 1898. Common in west.
<i>Peplis portula</i> L.	Lough Gowna 1900, Carn Clonhugh 1898.
<i>Myriophyllum verticillatum</i> L.	Longford 1898, and common in west half.
<i>M. spicatum</i> L.	Woodlawn 1898. Frequent.
<i>M. alterniflorum</i> DC.	Woodlawn. Very frequent.
<i>Cicuta virosa</i>	Derrymacar Lough 1900 and frequent along the Shannon.
<i>Petroselinium crispum</i> (Mill.) Nyman (<i>P. sativum</i>)	Old castle on Elfeet bay 1900.
<i>Sium latifolium</i> L.	About the mouth of the Inny 1900.
<i>Berula erecta</i> (Huds.) Coville. (<i>Sium angustifolium</i>)	Longford 1898, and frequent by the Inny.
<i>Chaerophyllum temulentum</i> (C. temulum)	Saints island 1899-Miss. R. Smith.
<i>Scandix pecten-veneris</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900. Woodlawn 1898.
<i>Arthriscus caucalis</i> Bieb. (<i>A. vulgaris</i>)	Ballymahon 1900. Rare - west only.
<i>Oenanthe fistulosa</i> L.	Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Torilis nodosa</i> (L.) Gaertn. (<i>Caucalis nodosa</i>)	Ballymahon 1900
<i>Galium boreale</i> L.	Elfeet bay 1900. Common on Lough Ree.
<i>Galium mollugo</i> L.	Saints island "looking wild" 1900.

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Galium uliginosum</i> L.	Mouth of Bilberry river. 1900.
<i>Valerianella rimosa</i> Bast. (<i>V. Auricula</i>)	Newtowncashel 1900.
<i>V. dentata</i> (L.) Poll.	Newtowncashel & Lanesborough 1900.
<i>Filago germanica</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900.
<i>Bidens ceruina</i> L.	Longford 1898, Ballymahon and Lanesborough.
" <i>tripartita</i> L.	Near Roosky 1900.
<i>Anthemis cortula</i> L.	Newtowncashel and Saints island 1900.
<i>Matricaria matricaroides</i> (Less.) Porter (<i>M. discoidea</i> .)	Ballywillin on railway. 1900.
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900. Common on Lough Ree.
<i>Arctium minus</i> Bernh.	Killashee 1900.
<i>A. nemorosum</i> Lejeune (<i>A. intermedium</i>)	Killashee and Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Cardus pycnocephalus</i> L.	Castlerea and Newtowncashel 1900.
<i>C. acantoides</i> L. (<i>C. crispus</i>)	Newtowncashel and Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Crepis vesicaria</i> L. (<i>C. taraxifolia</i>)	Saints island. 1899. Miss R. Smith.
<i>C. biennis</i> L.	Newtownforbes 1899, near Longford. 1898.
<i>Leontodon taraxicoides</i> (Vill.) Merat. (<i>L. hirtus</i>)	Woodlawn 1898 and frequent on Lough Ree.
<i>L. hispidus</i> L.	Elfeet bay 1900 and Priest's Island. 1899.
<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i> L.	Saints island 1899. Miss R. Smith.
<i>Campanula rapunculoides</i> L.	Railway near Longford. 1900.
<i>C. rotundifolia</i> L.	Castlerea, 1900. Common on Lough Ree.
<i>Vaccinium oxycoccus</i> L.	Near Saints island 1899. Miss R. Smith. Frequent in west.

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Andomeda polifolia</i> L.	Trillickacurry 1898. Common in west of county, rare in east.
<i>Primula veris</i> L. (<i>P. officinalis</i>)	Reynoldstown 1899. Near Roosky. Newtowncashel.
<i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i> L.	Lough Gowna 1900. Frequent on the Shannon.
<i>Blackstonia perfoliata</i> L. (Huds.) (<i>Chlora perfoliata</i>)	Newtowncashel 1900. Frequent on Lough Ree
<i>Gentialella amarella</i> (L.) Borner. (<i>Gentiana amarella</i>)	Near Ballymahon 1900. Common on Lough Ree.
<i>Gentianella campestris</i> (L.) Borner. (<i>Gentiana campestris</i>)	Collum point and Saints island on Lough Ree.
<i>Myosotis secunda</i> A. Murr. (<i>M. repens</i>)	Lough Gowna 1900. Carn Clonhugh 1898.
<i>Lithospermum officinale</i> L.	North of Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900.
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i> L.	Near Woodlawn 1898.
<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900.
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i> L.	Elfeet bay and north of Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Linaria vulgaris</i> Mill.	Lough Gowna 1900.
<i>Chaenorhinum minus</i> (L.) Lange	Longford 1900 - Common on railway.
<i>Scropularia aquatica</i> L.	Lough Ree below Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Veronica agrestis</i> L.	Granard 1900. Common in the west.
<i>V. polita</i> Fr.	Granard 1900. Frequent.
<i>V. montana</i> L.	Moydow. 1898.
<i>Urticularia vulgaris</i> L.	Elfeet bay 1900. Woodlawn 1898.
<i>U. minor</i> L.	Trillicacurry 1898. Frequent in the west half of the county.
<i>Mentha x verticillata</i> L. (<i>M. sativa</i>)	Ballymahon 1900. Common by L. Ree.

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Lycopus europeus</i> L.	Lough Gowna and Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Origanum vulgare</i> L.	Elfeet bay 1900. Common along Lough Ree.
<i>Calamintha ascendens</i> Jord. (<i>C. officinalis</i>)	Newtowncashel and Elfeet Bay 1900.
<i>Nepeta cataria</i> L.	Newtowncashel and Elfeet bay, abundant. 1900.
<i>Scutellaria galericulata</i> L.	Lough Ree and below Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> L.	Newtowncashel 1900.
<i>L. molucellifolium</i> Fr. (<i>L. intermedium</i>)	Ballymahon, Castlerea 1900. Lanesborough.
<i>L. hybridum</i> Vill.	Lough Gowna and below Roosky (Drumsna) 1900.
<i>L. album</i> L.	Ballymahon 1900. Granard, Finea.
<i>Teucrium scordium</i> L.	Below Roosky 1900. Abundant on Lough Ree.
<i>Chenopodium bonus-henricus</i>	Granard and Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Polygonum minus</i> Huds.	Lough Ree below Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Rumex hydrolapathum</i> Huds.	Lough Forbes 1900. Frequent on Lough Ree.
<i>Euphorbia exigua</i> L.	Newtowncashel abundant 1900.
<i>Mercurialis perennis</i> L.	Near Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Betula pendula</i> Roth. (<i>B. verrucosa</i> .)	Lough Forbes 1900.
<i>Salix pentandra</i> L.	Castlerea 1900, Not rare.
<i>S. fragalis</i> L.	Longford 1898.
<i>S. purpurea</i> L.	Near Roosky 1900. Granard and Longford.
<i>Populus tremula</i> L.	Elfeet bay on Lough Ree 1900.
<i>Elodea canadensis</i> Michx.	Longford 1898, Common.

NAME	LOCATION
<i>Anacamptis pyramidalis</i> (L.) Rich. (<i>Orchis pyramidalis</i> .)	Elfeet bay 1900. Priest's island. Lough Forbes.
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i> (L.) R. Br. (<i>Habenaria conopsea</i>)	Longford 1898. Saints island 1900.
<i>Platanthera bifolia</i> (L.) Rich.	Trillickacurry 1898, Frequent.
<i>P. chlorantha</i> (Custer) Reichb. (<i>Habenaria bifolia</i>)	Lough Forbes 1900. Carn Clonhugh 1898.
<i>Allium ursinum</i> L.	Near Roosky 1900.
<i>Typha angustifolia</i> L.	Lough Gowna 1900.
<i>Sparaganium angustifolium</i> Michx.	Canal north of Ballymahon 1900.
<i>S. minimum</i> Wallr.	Woodlawn 1898.
<i>Lemna trisulca</i> L.	Ballymahon 1900. Longford 1898.
<i>L. polyrhiza</i> L.	Lough Ree below Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Sagittaria sagittifolia</i> L.	Longford 1898. Inny mouth. Lanesborough.
<i>Potamogeton coloratus</i> Hornem.	Elfeet bay. Near Ballymahon 1900.
<i>P. alpinus</i> Balb.	Lough Gowna 1900.
<i>P. grameus</i> L. (<i>P. heterophyleus</i> .)	Lough Gowna 1900.
<i>P. lucens</i> L.	Canal at Killashee 1900. Lough Ree.
<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i> (L.) Roem & Schultz	Lough Gowna. Canal at Ballymahon. 1900.
<i>E. quinqueflorus</i> (F.X. Hartman) Schwartz. (<i>Scirpus pauciflorus</i> .)	Lough Ree below Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Rhynchospora fusca</i> (L.) Vahl.	Roosky to Inny mouth. Frequent in the west of tthe county.
<i>Cladium mariscus</i> (L.) Pohl.	Derrymacar Lough 1900.
<i>Carex diandra</i> Shrank. (<i>C. teretiuscula</i>)	Woodlawn 1898. Frequent in west.
<i>C. curta</i> Gooden.	Carn Clonhugh 1898. Lough Forbes. Lough Gowna.

NAME	LOCATION
<i>C. elata</i> All. (<i>C. hudsonii</i>)	Lough Forbes 1898. Woodlawn 1900.
<i>C. limosa</i> L.	Near Roosky 1900.
<i>C. pallescens</i> L.	Longford 1898. Lough Forbes. Carn Clonhugh.
<i>C. laevigata</i> Sm.	Woodlawn and Cloonee. 1898.
<i>C. filiformis</i> L.	Derrymacar Lough. Saints island. 1900.
<i>C. pseudocyperus</i> L.	Lough Forbes 1900.
<i>C. acutiformis</i> Ehrh. (<i>C. paludosa</i>)	Longford 1898. Frequent in west.
<i>C. vesicaria</i> L.	Lough Gowna and Lough Forbes.
<i>Koeleria cristata</i> (L.) Pers.	Priest's Island, Lough Ree. 1899.
<i>Glyceria maxima</i> (Hartm.) Holmberg. (<i>G. aquatica</i>)	Near Killashee 1900. Frequent in the Royal canal.
<i>Bromus sterilis</i> L.	Elfeet bay 1900. Priest's Island.
<i>Polystichum aculeatum</i> (L.) Sw.	Longford 1898, Frequent.
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i> (Vill.) H.P. Fuchs (<i>Lastrea spinulosa</i>)	Trillickacurry. Woodlawn 1900. Near Roosky 1900.
<i>D. aemula</i> (Ait.) Kuntze (<i>Lastrea aemula</i>)	Lough Gowna 1900.
<i>Thelypteris oreopteris</i> (Ehrh.) Slosson.	By Lough Gowna 1900.
<i>T. palustris</i> Schott.	Lough Ree below Ballymahon 1900.
<i>Osmunda regalis</i> L.	Derrymacar Lough 1900.
<i>Botrychium lunaria</i> (L.) Sw.	Carn Clonhugh 1898.
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i> L.	Carn Clonhugh 1898.
<i>Selaginella selaginoides</i> (L.) Link.	Saints island. 1900.
<i>Hymenophyllum tunbrigense</i> (L.) Sm.	6 miles south of Longford. Mr. Foot. 1864.
<i>Cystopteris fragilis</i> (L.) Bernh.	Cashel Lodge 1899. W. Dev. Kane.